



ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

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A SLENDER HOPE

That the Life of the President's Wife May be Prolonged

FOR SOME YEARS TO COME,

But it Would be one of the Rarest Cases on Record.

HER DISEASE IS CONSUMPTION.

And She has Wasted Away from a Robust Woman to an Emaciated Invalid--Her Right Lung is Entirely Consolidated--Her Greatest Trouble is Nervous Exhaustion--She Takes Food only as Medicine and Exhibits No Hopefulness of her Case--Is Liable to Die Suddenly.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—Aside from the usual cases characteristic in consumptive cases, there has been no particular change in the condition of Mrs. Harrison since she was brought to Washington from Loon Lake, about two weeks ago. Although critically ill, and in a condition which a new complication might speedily prove fatal, her case is not absolutely hopeless, and instances are known where persons in a similarly extremely dangerous condition have so far recovered as to enjoy comparatively fair health for years.

Such instances are rare, however. The President's family and friends cling to the hope that Mrs. Harrison's case may prove one of the exceptions to the rule. The great danger to be feared is the reproduction of fluid in the chest cavity which might gather in twenty-four hours and prove fatal, and especially if the patient could not bear the operation of aspirating.

Mrs. Harrison's right lung is entirely consolidated, so that she has no use of it whatever. The left lung is not involved. Although anxious for prolonged life, the patient does not exhibit that cheerfulness and hopefulness that is usually so apparent in the case of a consumptive. This is due to the extreme nervous exhaustion from which she suffers.

Ever since the commencement of her illness she has been affected with extreme nervous prostration and this has doubtless had very much to do with her present condition. This extreme prostration has been the one great cause which has operated against her rallying. Her mind is perfectly clear and she takes a certain amount of nourishment each day. It consists principally of raw eggs in a little wine and peppin. It is not from a desire to eat, however, that she takes the nourishment, but merely from a sense of duty and as a medicine. Her coughing spells are not violent and do not worry the invalid very much except on rare occasions. Sleep during the night comes to her in periods of from one to two hours at a time, and this without the aid of opiates. She has very fair nights, being restless only at times. Two or three hours of sleep are obtained in the day time but is not of a refreshing character. Probably the most noticeable result of Mrs. Harrison's illness is great emaciation. Her appearance last year was that of a strong, healthy and vigorous person who did not know what it was to be ill, and the change that has come over her is said to be most pitiable. Before she was ill, Mrs. Harrison weighed 167 pounds, and it is said that she has lost during her prostration between forty-five and fifty pounds.

MRS. HARRISON'S THANKS

For the Elegant Souvenir Presented by Ladies Citizens Committee.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 6.—The following is the reply sent to Miss Clara Barton by Mr. Halford in response to the letter which accompanied the presentation to Mrs. Harrison of the gold and silver souvenir badge by the Ladies Citizens Committee:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30, 1892. *Miss Clara Barton, Mrs. W. W. Dudley, Washington, D. C.:*

MY DEAR MRS. BARTON:—Your letter to Mrs. Harrison, with the accompanying souvenir of the recent encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic has been received. The very handsome and appropriate badge was brought to the personal attention of Mrs. Harrison, it being one of the few things that she has been able to look at for some time past, and also the kind terms in which you conveyed it to her. She was much touched by the evidence of the regard of her associates on the ladies' citizens' committee and wished me to give her grateful thanks to both of you and through you to the other members of the committee. Very truly yours, E. W. HALFORD, Private Secretary.

THE TARIFF AND WOOL.

The McKinley Bill Increases the Wages in One Mill \$25,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The following pungent paragraph appears in the *Post* to-day: "A bit of campaign gossip was picked up here to-day that fell from the lips of a prominent German manufacturer of woolsens in New York city. He has just returned from Missouri, where he purchased 800,000 pounds of wool. He employs between 1,500 and 2,000 hands and said that the McKinley bill had increased his profits this year \$75,000, of which sum he divided \$25,000 among his employees. The gentleman said he believed the McKinley bill to be a great thing for the whole country and although he was a Democrat he expressed his intention of voting the ticket that enforced the policy of protection."

Indian Troubles Feared.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The secretary of the interior has received a letter from Agent Bennett, of the Union agency in the Indian Territory, relative to the condition of affairs in the Choctaw Nation, which indicates that there

is likely to be further bloodshed there unless prompt action is taken to provide United States troops in sufficient force to suppress any riot that may arise.

It is learned that the secretary of war has directed that troops be ordered to within easy reach of the threatened trouble and there await developments.

CABINET OFFICERS

Can Make Political Speeches If They Desire to Do So.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—Secretary of State Foster, in answer to an inquiry as to the truth of the report recently published that the President had intimated to members of his cabinet that he did not desire them to take part in the campaign by making political speeches, denied that any such intimation had been given. The President sees no impropriety in any member of his cabinet appearing before the public in a temperate discussion of political topics in vindication of the policy and acts of the administration. It is expected that some of the secretaries will in the course of the next few weeks speak in their own states or elsewhere, but no such prolonged absence from their departments is contemplated, as will interfere with the proper dispatch of public business.

PENNSYLVANIA BALLOTS

Cannot be Printed in Time for Election. A Pretty Pickle.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 6.—Col. W. Hayes Grier, superintendent of public printing and binding, says it is a practical impossibility to have the election ballots under the new law in time for the election. It will require, he says, 14,000 reams of white and tinted paper in equal quantities, which will weigh nearly 400 tons.

There are few presses in the state upon which the tickets can be printed. Three regular and three specimen ballots will be required for each voter. The official ballot now being printed for the state department will be 22x52 inches. It is stated that there is not enough paper in the country of the kind required to supply all the ballots that will be needed.

NANCY HANKS

Keeps up her Record—Fast Exhibition Mile Trotted Yesterday.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 6.—Twelve thousand people saw Nancy Hanks go a mile in 2:06 at the Fair grounds, New Albany, Ind., this afternoon. The track was in excellent condition and the little Kentucky Queen was in prime of condition. She went two exhibition mile heats, and it was nearly five o'clock when Budd Doble came on the track. The first trial, Abe Lincoln, the Queen's running mate, ran into the outer fence, but at the second, Doble nodded his head and Nancy was off at her world-beating gait. She was to beat 2:07 and few doubted that she would do it. She went the first quarter in 32.35 seconds, and the half in 1:03. In one minute and 35.25 seconds after starting, she flew by the three-quarter flag, never having been touched by the whip. In the stretch Doble tapped the little wonder several times with the whip and she came under the wire in 2:06 flat. Three other races were trotted during the afternoon, but no sensational time was made.

Nelson Beats His Record.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 6.—The stallion Nelson was sent over the track at the Inter-State Fair Grounds this afternoon to beat his record of 2:13. He succeeded, trotting the mile in 2:11. The track is a half mile, old style.

THE COOLEY GANG.

Sisters and Brother of the Dead Outlaws Arrested—Stolen Goods Found.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 6.—A Uniontown, Pa., special says: Constable Wilson and Deputy Sheriff Pegg to-day arrested three more of the notorious Cooleys and placed them in jail.

They were: Lida, Hattie and Russell, sisters and brother of Frank and Jack Cooley, the outlaws. The officers went to the Cooley homestead to search for the stolen booty of the dead men, and were rewarded by finding an out-house full of the finest quality of clothing and other articles of great value.

The officers then placed the remaining members of the family under arrest, charging them with receiving stolen goods.

They were brought to this city to await trial.

Jefferson County Convict Dead.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 6.—George Burke, one of the most notorious criminals in the "pen," serving his fourth term from Jefferson county, died after a lingering illness to-night. His first term was for forgery, four years. He came back successively for burglary, five years; robbery, five years, and the last, arson, three years, for which he was admitted February, 1891. He was aged 42 years.

A Good Suggestion.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Oct. 6.—The following telegram explains itself:

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Oct. 6, 1892.

To William B. Green, Secretary American Bank Association, 125 Broadway, N. Y.

Why not call upon all members of the American Bank Association to contribute each five to ten dollars to a fund for the families of the men shot in defending the banks at Coffeyville, Kan., in the Dalton bank robbery raid. [Signed] S. E. NEILER, President Union National Bank.

His Checkered Career Ended.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Oct. 6.—Jack Thorn, alias Jack Smith, who has been in charge of a fishing club camp at Raggs Lake, was discharged recently but refused to give up his position. A few days ago it was learned that he was an escaped convict from the Arkansas penitentiary. Two officers from that state in the guise of sportsmen went to the club house and after spending two days with Smith induced him to accompany them to Earle.

Sheriff Williams was notified and undertook to arrest Smith who resisted and tried to draw a weapon, but the officers were too quick for him and two bullets pierced his brain. Thorn has had a checkered career.

HE WONT BE BLUFFED.

General Weaver Declares that he Will Speak at Pulaski

IN SPITE OF THE OPEN THREATS

Made to Kill Him if he Appears There to Speak for the People's Party--Third Party Men and, Ex-Confederate Soldiers Armed and Ready to See That He has Fair Play. There are fears that a bloody outbreak will follow--Peffer on the Situation.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Oct. 6.—Gen. Jas. B. Weaver, the People's party candidate for President, arrived here yesterday. Mrs. Lease accompanies him. He says he will speak at Goodlettsville Friday, in Nashville Friday night, and Saturday in Pulaski.

The news from Pulaski is of an alarming nature. Gen. Weaver says he will certainly speak there on Saturday, and that he has no intention of cancelling his appointments. Letters from the most conservative people in Pulaski and Giles county urge strongly that Weaver be dissuaded from coming, as there are grave fears of a battle if he appears there. Every utterance will be criticized and one imprudent word may lead to his death.

General Weaver's course during the war made him extremely obnoxious to the people of Pulaski, and his bitter language about his accusers has created intense excitement. He asserts that he will hurl defiance in the face of his enemies. A threat has been openly made that he will be killed if he uses insulting language, but the Third party men from all over the country, including many old Confederate soldiers, are arming and preparing to go to Pulaski, swearing that they will protect him in speaking and defend him against assault. Both sides are determined and a bloody fight will certainly follow the firing of a single gun. There are those who believe that General Weaver may use such temperate language as to forestall any trouble, but even then the tension and the strong feeling would, in all likelihood, lead to trouble.

Every effort is being made by the Democratic state committee to secure a quiet hearing for Weaver and to prevent any violent outbreaks, but letters received here say that no argument will avail; that if General Weaver utters any imprudent word he will be killed and that all the conservative people in Pulaski cannot prevent it. They urge that the only safety lies in successfully urging Weaver not to fill his appointment. The Democratic state committee is very much disturbed over the situation.

SENATOR PEPPER

Says General Weaver Ought to Have Faced the Music in Georgia.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 6.—Senator Pepper arrived here to-day to participate in the exercises attending the People's party day at the fair. Before he received word from Council Grove of the death of his son in a railroad accident, he was interviewed. He said he did not view the bolt from the fusion ticket by the straight Democrats with alarm. They could lose twenty-five per cent of the Democratic vote and still carry the state by a handsome majority.

He regarded the statement by the Atlanta Constitution, that Georgia had given the Democratic ticket a majority of 70,000 as an extravagant claim. He said the official figures would probably show a majority of 15,000 for the Democrats.

He said the southern people did not like to have outsiders mix in their politics. Weaver, he said, did not know how to handle the people there. "I do not think Weaver did right in running away from there," he continued. "He would have been much more creditable for him to have remained and faced them. He may have been in some danger, but he knew the situation before he went there, and I think he should have been willing to stay."

A CHECKY ADDRESS.

Issued by the Democratic National Committee to the Country.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The Democratic National Committee issued an address this evening for means "not only to spread the truth among the people," but to "prosecute and publish crimes against the ballot."

Continuing, it says: "All anxiety about the state of New York is allayed, and she will give her electoral vote to our candidates. All reports from independent and conservative sources in other parts of the country are exceptionally promising."

A MYSTERIOUS SUICIDE.

A Wealthy Merchant of Philadelphia Shoots Himself.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 6.—William M. Munk, of Darlington, Rank & Co., 1126 Chestnut street, one of the largest wholesale jobbing and retail dry goods houses in the country, committed suicide at 8 o'clock last evening at his country home, St. Davids, near Wayne, a few miles from this city, by shooting himself in the head.

No cause is known for the act, as Mr. Munk was a very wealthy man, had no family troubles and was in perfect health. Mrs. Munk noticed during the afternoon that her husband was acting rather peculiarly, but as he was somewhat nervous she paid no attention to it.

In the evening, about 8 o'clock, Mr. Munk sent one of his young sons to the station to meet an employee, and then went into the stable. He was seen to enter, and the gardener, who went into the stable a few moments later, found Mr. Munk on the floor dead, with a small Smith & Wesson pistol in his hand. He had shot himself through the head once, expiring instantly. No sound of the shot was heard. Mr. Munk carried an insurance on his life of \$325,000 for years. He was a director in the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Mr. Munk was prominent in the Sunday school association of the diocese of Pennsylvania, being one of the original members, and a member of the board of managers of the American Church Sun-

day School Institute, and of the joint diocesan committee on Sunday school lessons for the Episcopal church, who, in annual session in New York, compile the lessons for the use of the church throughout the United States.

As a member of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, he exhibited great activity in furthering the growth of the society. He was also a member of the Southwest convention and of the last diocesan convention, and on Tuesday next was to have gone to Baltimore to represent the Sunday schools of this diocese at the American church Sunday school triennial institute.

GEORGIA ELECTION.

Only Two Killings and a Democratic Majority of 50,000.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 6.—It is not thought the Third party will carry twenty counties in Georgia. It looks like a sweeping victory for Democracy, and there is every reason to believe from returns from 100 out of 137 counties that the majority for Governor Norther will reach 50,000. The vote has been unusually heavy everywhere, except in Atlanta. There was no opposition whatever here, hence a large amount of apathy which prevented anything like enthusiasm. So far not a single county outside of the Tenth district has been carried by the Third party, though it is probable some counties in the Ninth and some in the Eleventh will go that way. The greatest interest, since it has been found that everything was Democratic, has been manifested in the Tenth district, which is now represented by the Third party apostle, Watson. Watson is very strong in the country precincts.

Augusta gives 3,800 in favor of Norther, which will in all probability give the Democrats a majority of 1,500 in that district. People's party leaders claim that many who voted for Norther will vote for Watson in the Congressional election next month. That will be the real battle ground for the next thirty days, and there will be war in earnest then. The election has in most places been remarkably quiet. There was a killing in Oglethorpe county. A negro assassinated a white man and was himself killed.

In Augusta Dan Bowles killed a negro who made an attack on him with a club.

TYPE FOUNDERS COMBINE.

Severe Competition and Low Prices the Cause of the Combination.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—After several failures, the efforts of the type founders to form a combination have at last proved successful. The new trust will be known as the Type Founders Company. It has been incorporated under the laws of the state of New Jersey, with a capital stock of \$9,000,000, consisting of 40,000 shares of 8 per cent preferred and 50,000 shares of common stock.

The officers have already been selected, with Robert Allison, of Cincinnati, as president.

All the type founders are enthusiastic. They think that the profits can easily be increased to a million dollars a year, and one or two go so far as to count on a million and a quarter or a million and a half annually.

The reasons assigned for the formation of the combination are severe competition and low prices. They have not yet made any arrangements to raise prices.

AFTER A RAILROAD.

The West Virginia Central Trying to Lease the Western Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 6.—The nomination by Mayor Latrobe of John B. McDonald as one of the city directors of the Western Maryland railroad, has come as a thunderbolt to those interested in preserving the autonomy of the road. They consider it as a disclosure that Mayor Latrobe favors the scheme to oust General Hood from the presidency of the road, which under the presidency of Mr. McDonald, who is to be promoted to his place, will be leased to the Pittsburgh & West Virginia Central. This road is backed up by the Pennsylvania, which is furnishing the sinews of war.

The action of the mayor is regarded as especially significant in view of the fact that it followed Gen. Hood's letter calling attention to the efforts made by the West Virginia Central to purchase wherever they could Western Maryland stock and charging that all of the city's directors were not to be depended on to be faithful to the city's interest. At present the West Virginia Central people have secured nearly one-half of the stock and the vote of one or two of the city directors will enable them to bounce Gen. Hood, who is a great stumbling block to the leasing of the road to the West Virginia Central.

Edwin Booth's Condition.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Oct. 6.—Numerous messages are being received at the Laurel House here, from friends of Edwin Booth, inquiring after his health. He kept to his room this morning, but his daughter, Mrs. Grossman, said there were no grounds for serious apprehension as to her father's condition. His health had improved since his arrival here, and she expected that he would recover his health completely. It is said by persons who have seen Mr. Booth during the past few days that he appears to be a very sick man.

Cleveland at Gray Gables.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Oct. 6.—Mr. E. C. Benedict's yacht, *Onida*, with ex-President Cleveland on board, dropped anchor off Monument Neck at 7 o'clock this morning. Mr. Cleveland was the personal guest of Mr. Benedict and was the only passenger aboard. It was nearly 11 o'clock before both gentlemen boarded the little naphtha launch and landed at Gray Gables wharf.

Tammany's Candidate.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—It is reported that the leaders of Tammany Hall are considering Congressman Ashbel P. Fitch as an available candidate for mayor. It is said that he is willing to accept the nomination if it should be tendered to him.

McCoy Goes up for Life.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 6.—A special to the *Times* from Bristol, Tenn., says: Pleasant McCoy, a member of the McCoy faction of the famous McCoy-Hatfield feud, was to-day convicted of murder in Pike county, Ky., and sentenced to life imprisonment.

IN CONNECTICUT.

Governor McKinley's First Appearance. The Tariff and its Benefits.

NEW BRITAIN, CONN., Oct. 6.—Gov. William McKinley, jr., of Ohio, to-night spoke to the largest audience ever gathered in the New Britain opera house, fully 2,000 people being present, packing the auditorium and stage to the utmost limit of their capacity.

Governor McKinley was accompanied from Hartford by Governor Bulkeley and Col. Frank C. Henry, the Republican candidate for lieutenant governor. When Governor McKinley was introduced by Judge Valentine Chamblain, who presided, the entire audience joined in vociferous cheering.

It was Governor McKinley's first appearance in public in Connecticut, the only speech he will make in the state during the campaign. He spoke for over one and a half hours.

He spoke at great length on the tariff and said that the difference between the Republican and Democratic parties was one of principle on the tariff question. He illustrated the difference between the Democratic revenue tariff and the protective tariff by giving the rates of duty on imported crockery and other articles of domestic use.

In conclusion, Governor McKinley said that the American policy was to legislate for America only, irrespective of the views of Europe, which wants the trade of this country.

STANHOPE'S HEROISM.

By Inoculation Against Cholera May Not Prove Valuable After All.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—The inoculation against cholera of Mr. Stanhope, the American newspaper correspondent, has produced a great sensation here in all circles. The Associated Press correspondent has been questioning the leading American doctors who practice in Paris on the subject.

Dr. Halstead Boyland, of the Paris faculty, and formerly professor of the Baltimore Medical college, said: "From a humanitarian point of view, Mr. Stanhope is a hero worthy of every one's respect and admiration. Nevertheless science would profit much more by his experiment if he had chosen another plan. Instead of going to a hospital where there is comparatively little danger, on account of the constant care and disinfection it undergoes, and where the nurses who have not been inoculated are also exposed to the disease, he should have gone to an overcrowded, damp and dirty tenement house where there have been cases of cholera before, and there lead the life its occupants do. If he should do this, the efficiency of the Hoffman inoculation would be proved. I firmly believe in it, but many cases such as Mr. Stanhope's, have to come before the public, who will only then appreciate the value of inoculation."

Dr. Good, who is also a prominent American physician practicing in this city, said:

"It is to be lamented that Mr. Stanhope's courageous experiment will be of no use. Cholera cannot be prevented by inoculation, as it is a disease that goes into the body by the mouth, and not through outward contact."

NOT SATISFACTORY.

The Italian Government's Reply to the Pope in Regard to Pilgrimages.

ROME, Oct. 6.—Through the medium of confidential agents the Vatican is prosecuting its negotiations with the Italian government with reference to the projected pilgrimages on the occasion of the episcopal jubilee of His Holiness Leo XIII. The pope desires to obtain positive assurances that the Italian government will maintain order and prevent the recurrence of those disturbances which caused the greatest anxiety on a previous occasion to the whole of the Catholic world. The reply of the government was disappointing. It was to the effect that the police would do their duty. This condition has failed to satisfy the pope, for it is thoroughly believed at the Vatican that the disorders of October last were desired and countenanced by the government.

The pope regards it as absolutely necessary to take every precaution. It was even seriously discussed at one time whether it might not be wiser to replace the pilgrimages to Rome by pilgrimages to regional shrines. This idea, however, has been abandoned. If disturbance should occur in Rome, in spite of the pontifical precautions, the pope comforts himself with the fact that he will be able to lay the blame on the Italian government, and thus again point out to impartial observers the difficulties attending the cohabitation of the two powers at Rome, rendering its permanent continuation an impossibility.

MEXICO'S DISPLAY

At the World's Fair--Will be the Greatest on Record.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 6.—The *Times-Democrat's* special says: Hon. Manuel Cabelleri, who represents the Mexican government in getting exhibits from that country for the Chicago World's Fair, arrived here to-day on his way to Chihuahua, from Monterrey. He stated that since beginning his work last March, he has traveled over twenty thousand miles.

Mr. Cabelleri is very enthusiastic over his work, and says Mexico will have at Chicago a very fine display of the most interesting character, far superior to those had at New Orleans and Paris. We will scatter our contributions to the fair throughout the general buildings, where some of our products will not have to suffer by comparison with similar ones from other countries.

A company will take to Chicago scores of Indians from Jalisco attired in their native costumes, and they will do their beautiful clay work in the sight of the public. Bands of music will go in turn, and among them the world wide famed Eighth cavalry band, which is at present in Spain to participate in the Columbian festivities there.

"The mining display will be simply grand. If the cholera does not call again at the doors of the United States next year the exodus of Mexicans to the United States will be the greatest one on record."

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, warmer, fair; southwest winds.

For Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, warmer, generally fair Friday, probably followed by cool showers on the lake Friday night or Saturday; brisk southwest winds.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY.

As furnished by C. SCHNEPP, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

7 A. M. 140	5 P. M. 63
9 A. M. 45	7 P. M. 57
11 A. M. 60	9 P. M. 57

Weather--Fair.

A ROUSING RALLY.

The Greatest Indoor Political Meeting Ever in Wheeling,

GREETING WOODFORD AND CAMPBELL.

The Grand Opera House is Crowded from Pit to Dome

TO HEAR THE ELOQUENT ARGUMENT

A Surprisingly Fine Parade Precedes the Speaking.

THE STREETS LINED WITH PEOPLE.

The Opening Rally of the Campaign Pales the Democratic Turnout and Meeting into Insignificance--Scenes never Surpassed anywhere in a Similar Gathering for Enthusiasm--All the Clubs in Line, and People Turned away from the Large Theatre, Unable to Gain Admission--Convincing Arguments in an Entertaining Way Hold the Throng Throughout.

Last night's demonstration by the Republicans was in all respects a great success. The meeting was the greatest ever seen in Wheeling. The escort parade preceding was not intended to be unusually imposing, but it surprised even those who got it up. It was "a corker."

In fact it was the biggest parade of the campaign by long odds. The crowds on the streets were astonishing. It was a great, big, splendid success from the start to the finish.

As early as 7 o'clock the people from the outskirts began to fill the principal thoroughfares, and by 8 o'clock it was a perfect jam on Market street from Eleventh street clear to the creek, while the side streets also held large crowds, all waiting to see the escort procession to be given in honor of the visit of Gen. Stewart Woodford, of New York, and as a sort of testimonial to their distinguished fellow townsman, Hon. A. W. Campbell.

The Escort club assembled in its club rooms at seven o'clock, and by half past seven sixty-eight men were drawn up in front of the hall in full uniform. The Opera House band was on hand in full force, and played several lively airs, while waiting for the arrival of the other clubs, which were late in coming, some of them so late that the command "forward" had to be given before the arrival of either Washington or Madison district, or the Ohio County club.

The Bridgeport McKinley club, numbering over one hundred men, in uniform, came over at twenty minutes before eight. This club presented a magnificent appearance, composed as it was of fine looking men, many of whom were converts from the Democratic free trade party. The organization was in command of Capt. O. M. Davis, a veteran of the war, and one of the best drill masters in Eastern Ohio.

After the arrival of the Bridgeporters the escort started. They marched down Market street to Twenty-fourth, then up to Chapline, where the Eighth ward Davis club, Junior Moffat club and Sixth ward club fell in, and it was at this point that the Washington and Madison district clubs and the Ohio county colored club caught up and followed in the rear.

The procession then proceeded up Chapline to Twentieth, then to Market, and up to the Grand Opera House. The escort was made up as follows:

Marshal in Charge, M. H. McNabb, Advance Guard of Escort Club, Opera House band, twenty-seven men, Loyal Institute Guards, twenty-seven men, Black Eagle Drum Corps, Union District Club, forty men, Bridgeport Drum Corps, No. 1, Bridgeport Drum Corps, No. 2, McKinley Club of Bridgeport, one hundred and twenty men in uniform, Ritchie District Drum Corps, Eighth ward Davis Club, eighty men in uniform, Eighth ward Moffat Club, thirty uniform, formed boys, Madison District Drum Corps, Madison District Club, sixty-three men in uniform, Ohio County Colored Club, forty men, Washington District Drum Corps, Washington District Club, thirty-seven men, Sixth ward Club, forty-two men.

The Benwood club arrived too late, and marched up to the Grand Opera House, headed by its drum corps. The club numbered about fifty men, and dressed in their new uniforms, they presented a handsome appearance, and it is to be regretted that they were too late to swell the ranks.

The Young Men's Escort Club never looked better, and the boys showed themselves off in great shape. Their uniforms knock out anything in either party, and they march with a step that would do credit to soldiers with years of experience. They were applauded all along the line by their enthusiastic friends.

The Bridgeport club was as handsome as could be, and attracted universal attention. Their uniforms are nobby; so are the Ritchie and Madison district clubs, which made their first appearance in their brand new outfits. They are all right.

All the clubs are entitled to special mention, but space will not permit it. Compared to the attempt made by the Democratic clubs last night, the Republican turnout discounted them about five to one. Honors were flattered, and any amount of red fire and fireworks of all kinds burned along the line. Coming up Market street it was a perfect blaze, and the sight was most beautiful one. Every one of the clubs was well drilled, and the best of order was maintained in the ranks.

The only thing to be regretted is that the time was so limited that a general turnout and longer route could not be arranged. It was a good starter, and one which reflects great credit upon all concerned. The big McKinley parade will be in the evening, with nothing to hustle the boys through, and it will be a memorable event in the annals of local politics.

AN UNPRECEDENTED OVATION.

The Grand Opera House packed with men on their feet, shouting, cheering, waving their hats, a speaker looking on